GLOBAL 10



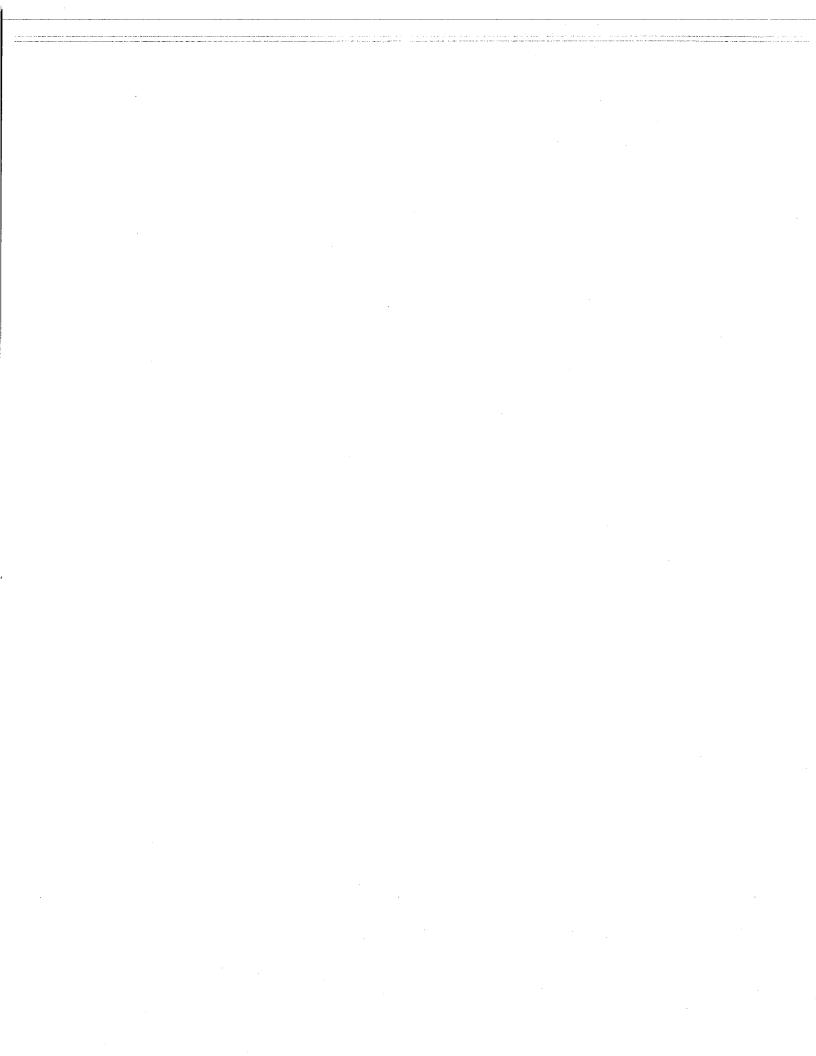
Chapter 22: Enlightenment and Revolution 1550-1789

Section 1: The Scientific Revolution

Section 2: The Enlightenment in Europe

Section 3: The Enlightenment Spreads

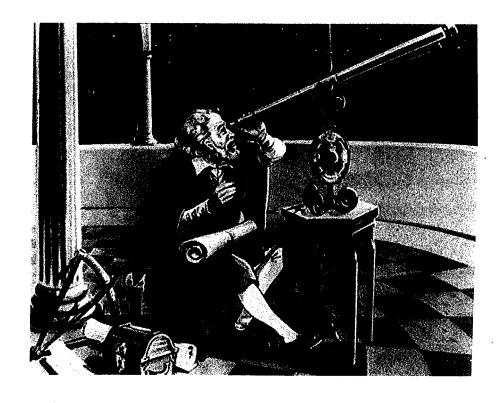
Section 4: The American Revolution



Chapter 22: Enlightenment and Revolution, 1550-1789

Section 1: The Scientific Revolution

geocentric theory
Scientific Revolution
heliocentric theory
Galileo Galilei
scientific method
Isaac Newton





CHAPTER_	Twenty-Two	SEC. L
Newton + Law of Gravit	4	Roots of Modern Science
	Schenfific Rev. Spread	
BACON+ Descar	SCIENTIFIC REVOLUTION Galileo's Conflict Watur	REVOLUTIONARY Ideas of Valvense
Scientific Method		Stalileo's Discovery

Section 2: The Enlightenment in Europe

Enlightenment				
social contract				
	<u> </u>			····
John Locke			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
philsophe				
AZ II. Co.				
Voltaire				
Montesquieu			AND	
Rousseau				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Mary Wollstonecraft				



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SEC. 2 Twenty-Two CHAPTER. Age of Reason - 2 Views Women + the Englightenment Legacy THE BECCARIA + Orminal Systice ENLIGHTENMENT PHILOSOPHERS + REASON IN EUROPE Montesquieu+Separationotbus WOHAIRE Combats Intolenance Rousseau: Champion of Freedom

Section 3: The Enlightenment Spreads

salon			
baroque			
neoclassical			
enlightened of	lespot		
Catherine the	e Great		

Absolute Monarchies and Enlightened Despots in Europe 1550-1800

>France: Absolute Monarchs-Louis XIII & Louis XIV

>Spain: Absolute Monarchs-Philip II

> England: Absolute Monarchs and Development of a Constitutional

Monarchy-Tudors & Stuarts

>Austria: Enlightened Despots---Maria Theresa & Joseph II

>Prussia: Enlightened Despot-Frederick the Great

≻Russia: Absolute Monarchs- Ivan the Terrible & Peter the Great

≻Russia: Enlightened Despot-Catherine the Great

I wenty - Two CHAPTER SEC. 3 A World of Ideas Catherine the Great Russia Expands The -New Artistic Styles ENLIGTENMENT Joseph II SPREADS Enlightenment + Monarchy Changes in Literature Frederick the Great

CHAPTER_	Twenty - Two	SEC. 4
Enlightenment Influences	Govt	BRITAIN + Its Colonies
	Bill of Right	15
Federal	AMERICAN REVOLUTION	AMERICANS WIN Independence
····	Success for Colonis	K Called Spire Figure 20
Americans Charte Republic	,	Influence of Enlightenmon

reserved.
rights
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Name	↑ 6		Date	
Glossary		CHAPTER 22 E	nlightenment and Revolution	
abuses Improper uses, misuses astronomy Study of the universe beyond the earth boycott Organized refusal to buy a certain good or participate in a certain action hypothesis Attempt to answer a question that needs to be proven or disproven		intellectual Related to thinking or to the mind law of gravity Idea linking motion in the heavens with motion on the Earth and based on the principle that every object attracts every other object reformed Changed for the better repeal Take back a law	serfdom State or condition of using workers as slaves vaccination Introduction of	
AFTER YOU	REA	D		
Terms and Name	es	ank that best completes the meaning	of the paragraph.	
Isaac Newton	1	•	significant changes in scientific thinking	
heliocentric theory	' know	n as the 1	In astronomy, Nicolaus Copernicus	
Scientific Revolution first developed the idea that the earth revolved around the sun.			revolved around the sun. This became	
geocentric theory			It refuted the earth-centered view of	
Galileo Galilei			A great pioneer in science	
			He described the law of gravity.	
,	Another significant figure was 5, who ended up hav-			
- :	ing to	recant his theories before a pap	oal court.	
B. Write the letter of the na	me or tern	next to the description that explain	ns it best.	
a. Mary Wollstonecraft		1. Philosopher who said people	e have natural rights	
b. John Locke		2. Thinker known for ideas about separation of powers		
c. Montesquieu		3. Writer who championed freedom of speech and freedom of religion		
d. Thomas Jefferson 4. Writer who championed women's rights			men's rights	
e. Voltaire		5. Author of the Declaration of Independence		

AFTER YOU READ (cont.) CHAPTER 22 Enlightenment and Revolution **Main Ideas** 1. How did European exploration help lead the way to the Scientific Revolution? 2. Who were the philosophes, and what did they believe in? 3. What was one of Montesquieu's key ideas about government? 4. How did the arts change as a result of the Enlightenment? 5. How did the government of the United States reflect Enlightenment ideas?

Thinking Critically

Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper.

- 1. How was the Scientific Revolution related to the Enlightenment?
- 2. How did monarchs react to Enlightenment ideas?

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